

Developing digital fluency in the primary years through pre-service teacher evidence-based practice

A South Australian case study

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Sienna Wales, Claudia Schwarzkopf, Eliesa Burke UniSA pre-service teachers



Living Communities

Entering Foreign Fo

David R Horton (creator), © AIATSIS, 1996

Acknowledgement of Country

I would like to acknowledge the Traditional Custodians of the land on which this teaching and research was conducted, and pay my respects to Elders past, present and emerging.

I respectfully acknowledge the Kaurna, Boandik and Barngarla First Nations Peoples and their Elders past and present, who are the First Nations' Traditional Owners of the lands that are now home to the University of South Australia's campuses in Adelaide, Mount Gambier and Whyalla. I am honoured to recognise our connection to the Kaurna, the Boandik and the Barngarla lands, and their history, culture and spirituality through these locations. I also acknowledge the other First Nations of lands across Australia, their Elders, ancestors, cultures and heritage.





Agenda

- 1. Digital Citizenship education
- 2. State of Digital Citizenship education in Australia
- 3. Digital Citizenship course and project
- 4. Research methodology
- 5. Preliminary findings
- 6. Lessons learned and suggestions
- 7. Q&A



Digital Citizenship education

• Importance of digital citizenship education evident

- > A variety of frameworks being developed1
- ➤ Government and NGO policies changing to reflect the increasing importance²



- Particularly focused on high school and university students³
- ➤ Very heavily US-centric⁴





Council of Europe (2019); DQ Institute (2022)

^{2.} Burns & Gottschalk (2019); ISTE (2022); Martin et al. (2019)

^{3.} Chen et al. (2021); Fernández-Prados et al. (2020); Richardson et al. (2021)

^{4.} Richardson et al. (2021)

Digital Citizenship education in Australia

Goal 2: All young
Australians become
confident and creative
individuals, successful
lifelong learners,
and active and informed
members of the
community

Australian Governments commit to working in collaboration with the education community to support all young Australians to become:

- confident and creative individuals
- successful lifelong learners
- active and informed members of the community.

Alice Springs (Mparntwe) Education Declaration

DECEMBER 2019

Successful lifelong learners who...

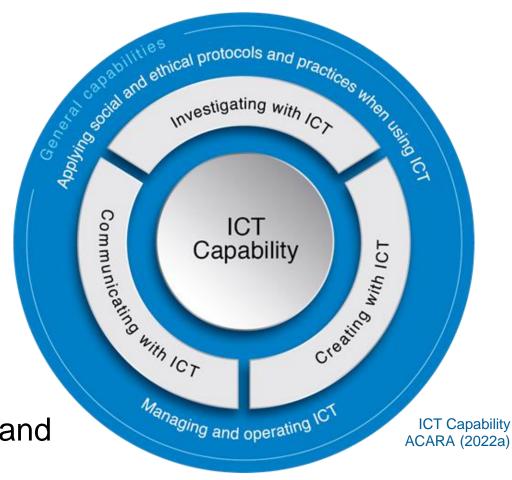
 are productive and informed users of technology as a vehicle for information gathering and sharing, and are able to adapt to emerging technologies into the future



Digital Citizenship education in Australia

Australian Curriculum v8.4

- ➤ One of seven General Capabilities
- > Intended to be taught across all subjects
- > 5 key foci
 - Investigating
 - Creating
 - Communicating
 - Managing and operating
 - Applying social and ethical protocols and practices





Digital Citizenship education in Australia

Australian Curriculum v9.0

Practising digital safety and wellbeing

- Manage online safety
- Manage digital privacy and identity
- Manage digital wellbeing

Managing and operating

- Manage content
- Protect content
- Select and operate tools

Creating and exchanging

- Plan
- Create, communicate and collaborate
- Respect intellectual property

Investigating

- Locate information
- Acquire and collate data
- Interpret data





Digital Citizenship

COURSE LEVEL Undergraduate

YEAR

2022







COURSE INFORMATION



AREA/CATALOGUE

EDUC 1084



COURSE LEVEL

Undergraduate



OFFERED EXTERNALLY

Yes



COURSE ID



UNIT VALUE

4.5



UNIVERSITY-WIDE ELECTIVE COURSE

TIMETABLE/S

First Semester

(Study Period 2)



COURSE OWNER

UniSA Education Futures

- 16 enrolled, but 13 active students
- 13 week course
- Many with no prior teaching experience

Pre-service teacher year	Number of students
2 nd year	3
3 rd year	9
4 th year	1



Digital Citizenship

COURSE LEVEL Undergraduate

YEAR

2022 🗸



DQ Competencies

	Digital Identity	Digital Use	Digital Safety	Digital Security	Digital Emotional Intelligence	Digital Communication	Digital Literacy	Digital Rights
Digital Citizenship	1 Digital Citizen Identity	Balanced Use of Technology	3 Behavioural Cyber-Risk Management	Personal Cyber Security Management	5 Digital Empathy	6 Digital Footprint Management	7 Media and Information Literacy	8 Privacy Management
Digital Creativity	9 Digital Co- Creator Identity	Healthy Use of Technology	Content Cyber- Risk Management	Network Security Management	Self-Awareness and Management	0nline Communication and Collaboration	15 Content Creation and Computational Literacy	Intellectual Property Rights Management
Digital Competitiveness	17 Digital Changemaker Identity	18 Civic Use of Technology	19 Commercial and Community Cyber-Risk Management	20 Organisational Cyber Security Management	21 Relationship Management	22 Public and Mass Communication	23 Data and Al Literacy	Participatory Rights Management

https://www.dqinstitute.org/global-standards/

Digital Citizenship

COURSE LEVEL Undergraduate

YEAR 2022 **▼**

Week	Concepts covered	Assignments		
1	Introduction to the course and digital citizenship			
2	Digital citizenship concepts, digital life in Australia, digital footprint management	Forum post		
3	Digital citizenship and the Australian Curriculum			
4	Digital communication, Twitter			
5	Digital emotional intelligence, Google Classroom			
6	Digital rights & responsibilities, Class Dojo	Forum post		
7	Digital literacy, Voki, Nearpod	Forum post		
8	Digital access and law			
9	Digital security, cyber security	Presentation to teachers		
10	Working on the case study report	Case study report		
11	Working on lesson plan, student perceptions of technology use and DC			
12	Giving double lesson	Self & peer assessment		
13	Lesson debrief and hot topics	Lesson plan & reflection		



Step 1

PSTs paired with a mentor teacher and their class from Year 1 to 6 in one metropolitan Adelaide government school.

Step 2

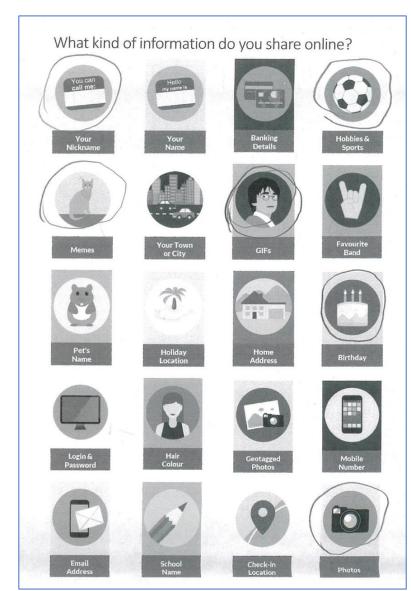
PSTs design a single lesson on digital citizenship and get feedback from mentor teacher and lecturer.

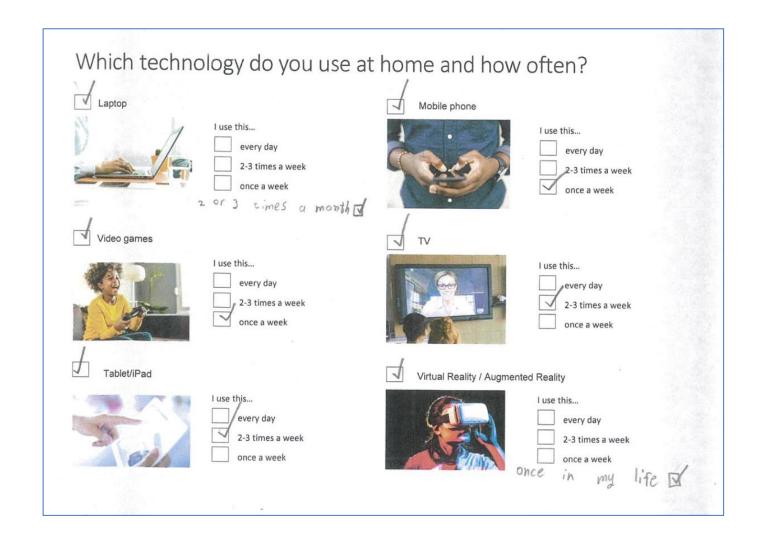
Step 3

PSTs give the lesson to the class, including surveying the students:

- Technology use at home (perceptions)
- Information shared online
- Student voice survey rights & responsibilities, online safety lessons, online safety in school (eSafety Commissioner)
- Technology time log (collected one week later)



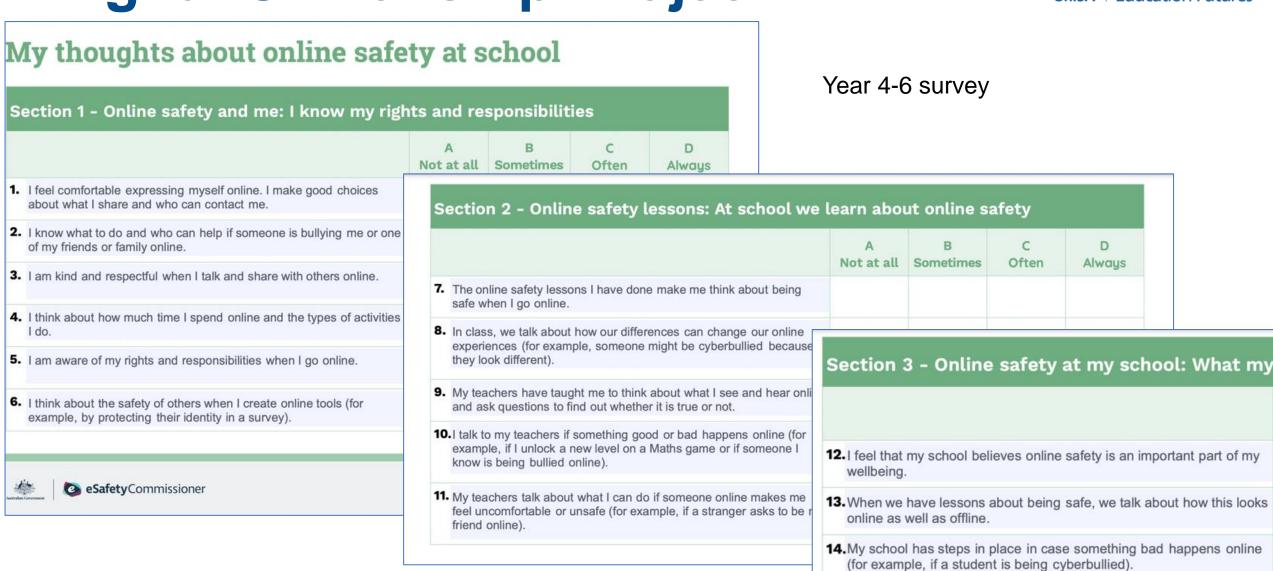






15. I am given opportunities to share my opinion about what our school

does to keep us safe online.



https://www.esafety.gov.au/educators/toolkit-for-schools/engage



recnnoi	ogy time	log		Dat	e started:4/	4/2022
						Daily Total
Monday	40mms	5 mins		1 Omins		55mhs
Tuesday		10 mins	and	20mins	lomins	40min
Wednesday			() No. 16	20mm)		20min
Thursday				10 mins	(Dmits)	20min
Friday	30 mins			Dening		tomin
Saturday		Pid		1 /2	30miles	1723
Sunday				2h 3000	30mms	. 21



Step 4

After analysing the survey data, PSTs give a multimodal presentation of the results to their mentor teachers in two year level groups (Year 1/2, Year 3/4, Year 5/6), comparing and contrasting between them.

Step 5

PSTs choose one or two topics to focus on in an upcoming double lesson, based on the results of the surveys, their experiences having taught the intro lesson and feedback from the mentor teachers.

Step 6

PSTs give their double lesson to the students and then receive further written and verbal feedback from the mentor teachers and the teacher educator.

> PSTs hand up their lesson plan and reflection.

Research Methodology

- Ethical approval
 - ➤ UniSA ethics approval #204512
- Qualitative case study design
 - Work samples
 - Surveys
 - Semi-structured interviews

Potential participants

> 13 pre-service teachers, 6 mentor teachers, 1 Dep. Principal and 1 lecturer







Research Questions

- 1. What are pre-service teachers' understanding of and preparedness to teach digital citizenship?
- 2. What are pre-service teacher, mentor teacher, school leader and teacher educator perceptions of an evidence-based digital citizenship teaching activity within a first-year undergraduate course?
- 3. What are primary school educators' perceptions of their students' digital citizenship practices (cyberbullying, digital netiquette, digital footprint, digital privacy, and digital identity)?
- 4. What digital devices are used by primary school students outside of school and how frequently?
- 5. What kind of digital activities do primary school students engage in outside of school and how frequently?
- 6. How much time do primary school students spend on technology?
- 7. What kind of information do primary school students share about themselves online?
- 8. How does primary school student use of digital technologies differ between year levels?



Research Questions

Today's focus

1. What are pre-service teachers' understanding of and preparedness to teach digital citizenship?

2. What are pre-service teacher, mentor teacher, school leader and teacher educator perceptions of an evidence-based digital citizenship teaching activity within a first-year undergraduate course?



How would you define digital citizenship?

tech engage society

digital footprint

online presense

tools online safety

use of technology

learning with technology

using information tech

person online respect respectful



How would you define digital citizenship?

being safe online
caring for self amazing
digital safety digital footprint
responsibility
working with technology
caring for community
informative
online presence

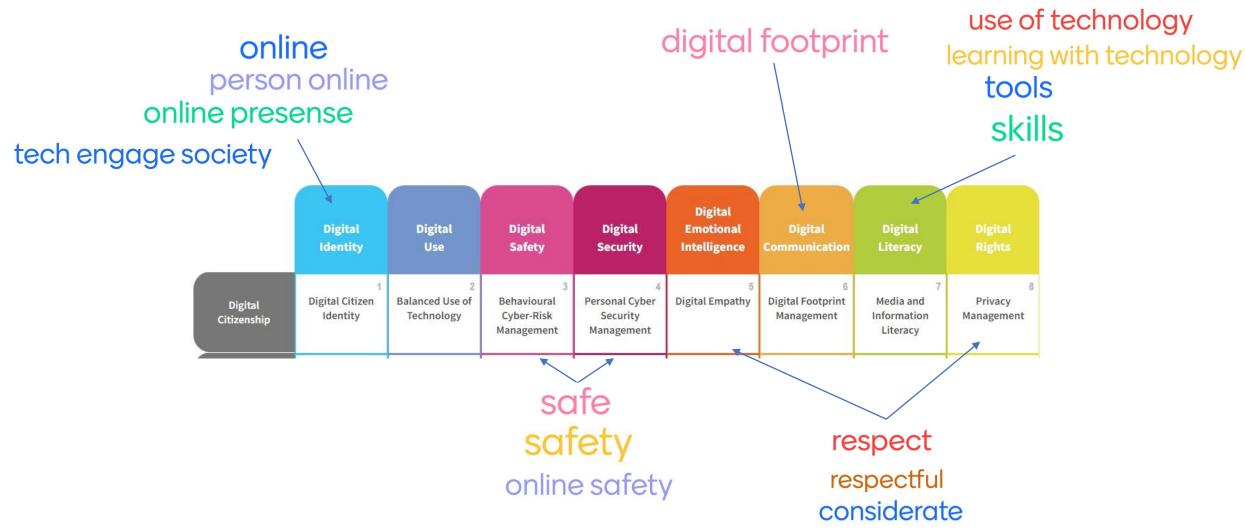
knowing how to work tech

engaging positively
online awareness
responsible online
safety online relevant
interacting with others
being safe online
effectively us technology



using information tech

Preliminary Findings - PSTs



Week 1, n = 9





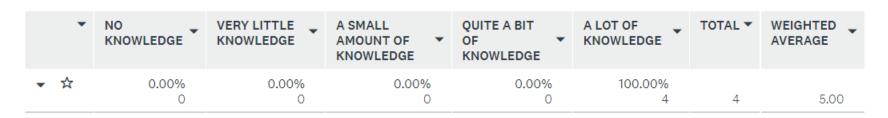


Pre-course digital citizenship awareness

•	NO KNOWLEDGE	VERY LITTLE KNOWLEDGE	A SMALL AMOUNT OF KNOWLEDGE	QUITE A BIT OF KNOWLEDGE	A LOT OF KNOWLEDGE	TOTAL ▼	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
▼ ☆	25.00% 1	25.00% 1	25.00% 1	25.00% 1	0.00%	4	2.50



Post-course digital citizenship awareness





"It was very educational and it definitely assisted with my knowledge of digital citizenship because I'd never actually heard of that term before"



How would you describe your digital citizenship lesson?

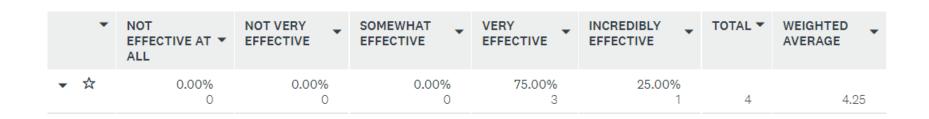
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students engaged
kids were engaged very well
lots of participation
ran smoothly
they listened well
really fun
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developed understanding extremely interactive





Effectiveness of the project to stimulate primary school student awareness of digital citizenship





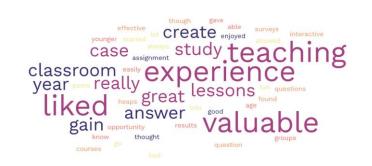
Effectiveness of the project overall

•	NOT EFFECTIVE AT ▼ ALL	NOT VERY EFFECTIVE	SOMEWHAT EFFECTIVE	VERY EFFECTIVE	INCREDIBLY EFFECTIVE	TOTAL ▼	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
▼ ☆	0.00% 0	0.00%	0.00%	25.00% 1	75.00% 3	4	4.75





Preliminary Findings



Benefits for PSTs

- PSTs become teacher researchers
- Current data
- Developing local knowledge of student digital citizenship
- Actual classroom experience practical aspects
- Seeing how other PSTs teach and bouncing ideas off each other

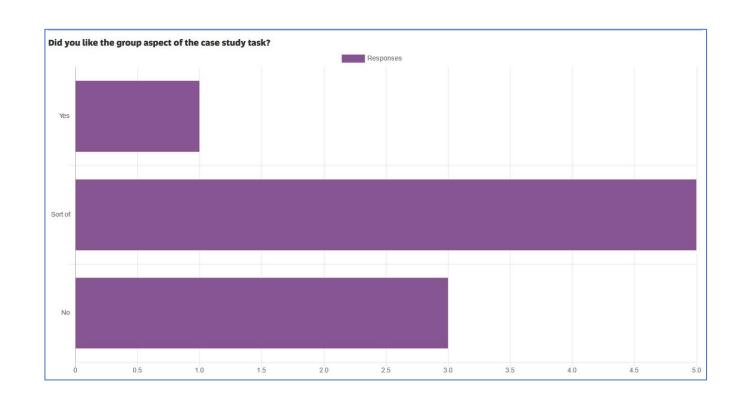
Benefits for Mentor Teachers

- Mentor teachers are exposed to what PSTs are being taught
- Find out information about their students and how they compare to other classes
- Good for classroom teachers not expert in Digital Technologies



Challenges

- Online learning first timers
- Trying to find time to collaborate
- PS student understanding of time
- Knowledge of data analysis
- PSTs did not enjoy the group work aspect overall.
 - 4 would rather have worked alone
 - ➤ 4 would have preferred to choose their own group members
 - > 1 wasn't fussed.



Lessons learned and suggestions

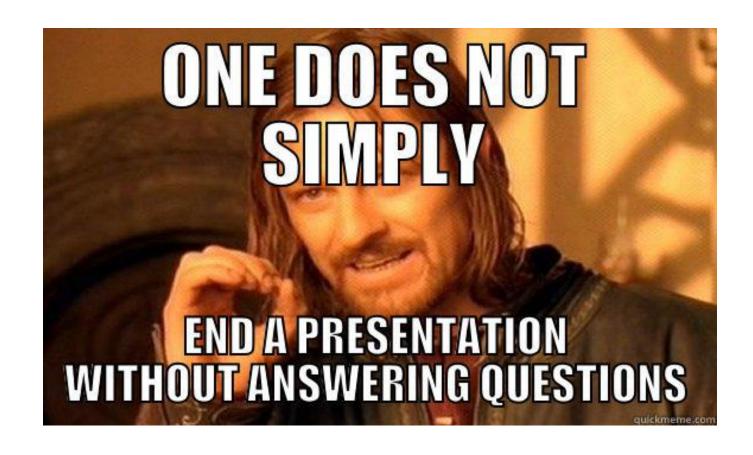
- Allow PSTs to work alone or in a pair
- Run an introductory information session for mentor teachers
- Encourage mentor teachers to provide more critical feedback
- Allow PSTs more opportunities to compare data between classes
- Have a compulsory presentation in Week 13 to each other about their experiences and findings
- PSTs to check that their tech works in the classroom beforehand
- Provide an example case study to PSTs

"I would have liked to have come up with my own question to answer and create my own surveys to answer that question."

"I would easily be able to create lessons for year 4s again and younger age groups, but would like to know more about the year 5 and 6's results."



Questions







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